Hydrogen to Copernicium: Postage Stamps as Cultural Icons in the IYC

Daniel Rabinovich

Department of Chemistry The University of North Carolina at Charlotte



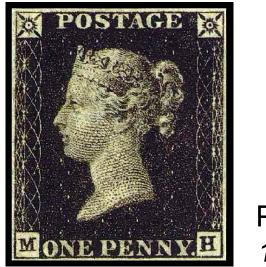
Once upon a time...

• Until the 1830's, letters were paid by the recipient not the sender.



 Sir Rowland Hill, an English teacher, inventor, and social reformer (1795-1879), introduced postage stamps in 1840.

Philately



Penny Black 1840

- From the Greek *phil-* "love" and *ateleia* "exempt from tax".
- The collecting and study of postage stamps and other postal matter as a hobby or an investment.

Some stamps are issued for fun...



and some are issued for a reason...

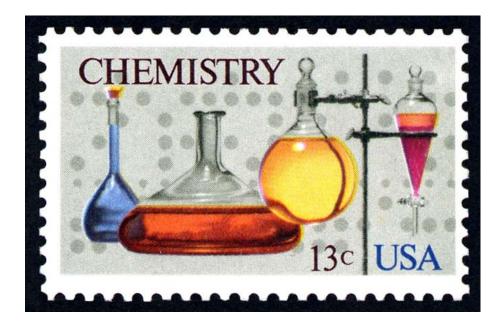
 Many stamps have been issued to commemorate events and educate the public: history, art, literature, science...



- Attractive way to illustrate oral presentations, papers, etc.
- Inexpensive and effective teaching tools!

Chemistry on Stamps

 Chemophilately (chemical philately): the philatelic study of chemistry (Rappoport, Z. Acc. Chem. Res. 1992, 25, 24-31).



Heilbronner, E.; Miller, F.A. A Philatelic Ramble through Chemistry; Wiley-VCH, 1998.

The Tree of Science



Once upon a time...

The Four Classical Elements in Greece



air

 $\overline{=}$

fire

water





air



earth

fire



air







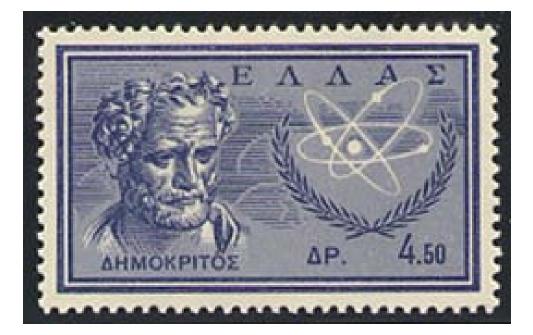


earth



Democritus (460-370 BC)

Matter is made up of extremely small, indivisible particles: "atoms".



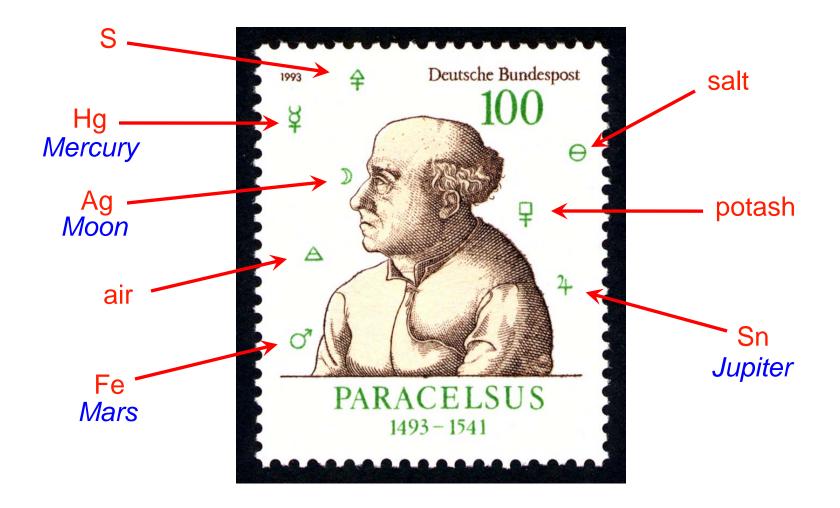


Alchemy in the Middle Ages



Agricola

Theophrastus Philippus Aureolus Bombastus von Hohenheim Paracelsus (1493-1541)





Robert Boyle (1627-1691)



Issued on February 25, 2010: 350th anniversary of the Royal Society.

Antoine Lavoisier (1743-1794)



 $\overline{\mathbf{F}}$

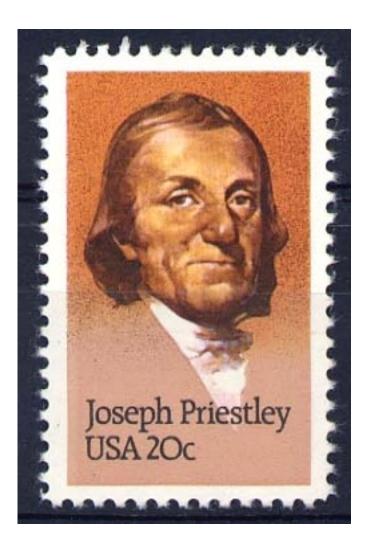


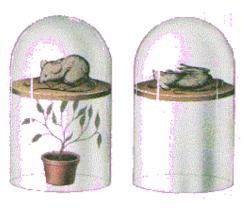


maximum card



Joseph Priestley (1733-1804)

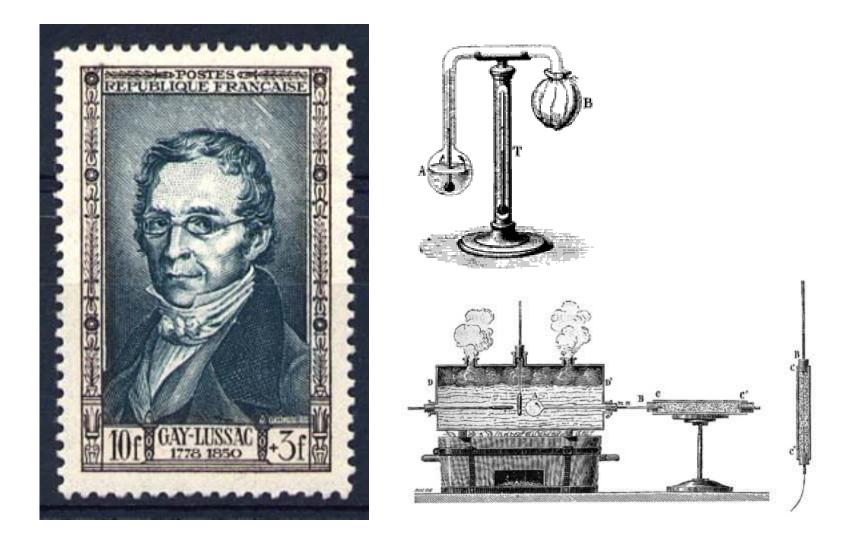




EXPERIMENTS
AND
OBSERVATIONS
ON DIFFERENT KINDS OF
A I R.
By JOSEPH PRIESTLEY, LL. D. F.R. S.
, Fert animus Caulas tantarum expremere retum ; Immenfumque aperitor opus, LUCAN
L O N D O N : Printed for J. JOHNSON, NO. 72, in St. Paul's Church-Yard,
MDCCLXXIV.

Joseph Louis Gay-Lussac (1778-1850)

 $\overline{\mathbf{r}}$



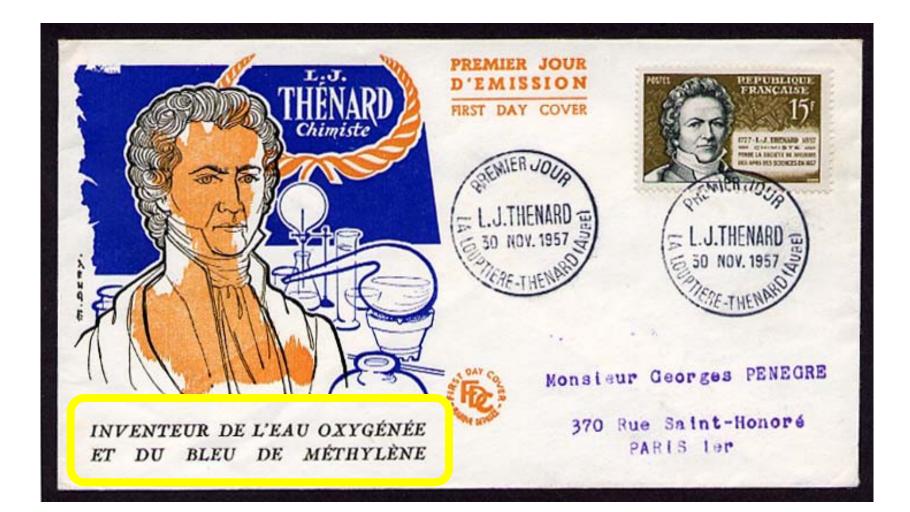
Lorenzo Romano Amedeo Avogadro di Quaregna e Cerreto (1776-1856)



Avogadro's Law: "equal volumes of gases, at the same temperature and pressure, contain the same number of molecules".

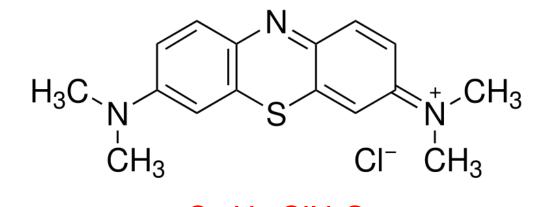
 $N_{\rm A} = 6.022 \times 10^{23}$

Louis Jacques Thénard (1777-1857)





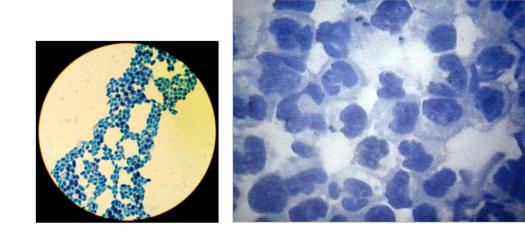
Methylene Blue



 $C_{16}H_{18}CIN_3S$



redox indicator



biological stain

Louis Jacques Thénard (1777-1857)

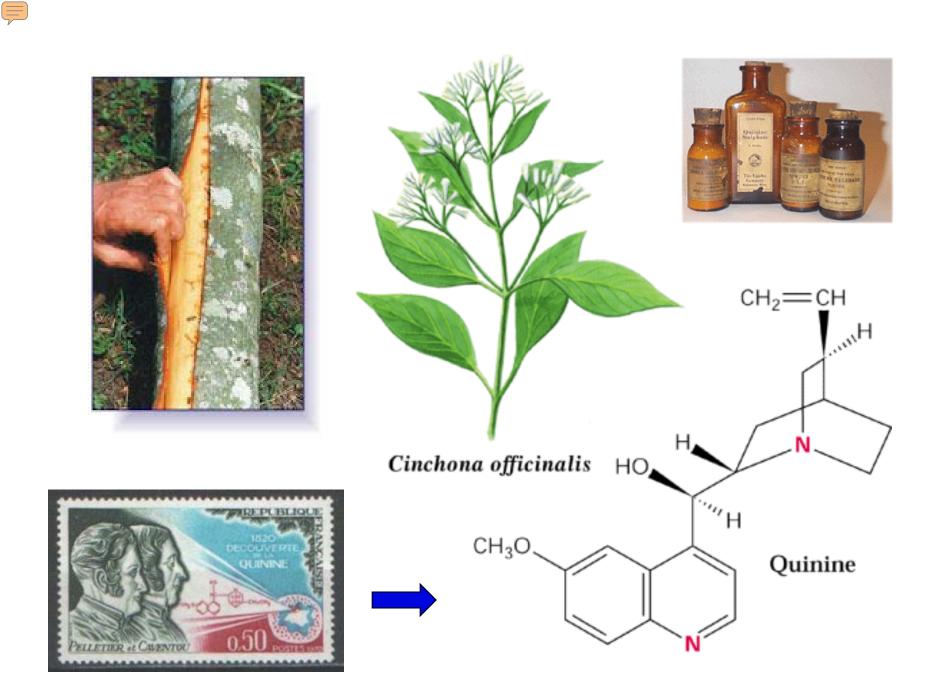


Cobalt blue (Thénard's blue): CoAl₂O₄...!

Pelletier & Caventou: the discovery of quinine (1820)

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Justus von Liebig (1803-1873)





Major contributions to agricultural, biological and organic chemistry.

Justus von Liebig (1803-1873)



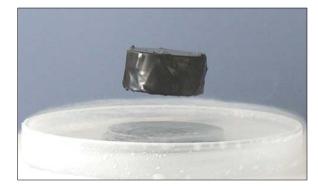
Franz-Joseph Müller von Reichenstein (1740-1825)



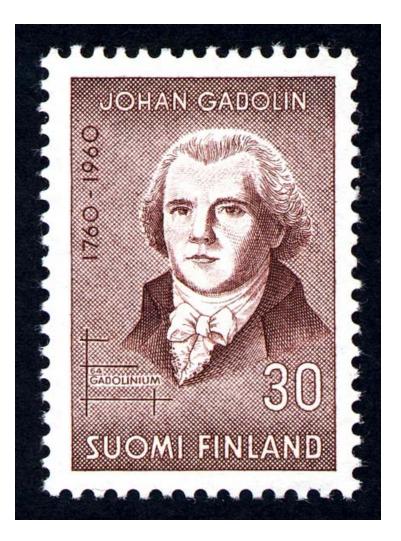
Hungarian mineralogist who discovered tellurium (Te) in 1782.

Johan Gadolin (1760-1852)

 $\overline{=}$



YBa₂Cu₃O₇



• Founder of Finnish chemistry & discoverer of yttrium (Y) ca. 1794

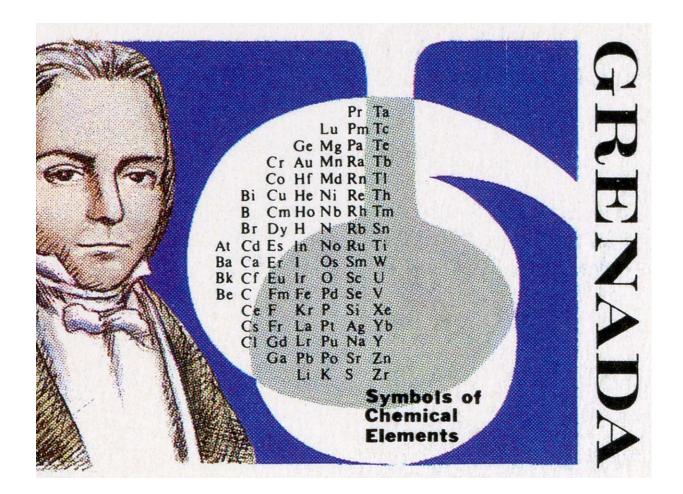
Jöns Jacob Berzelius (1779-1848)

Developed a system of symbols for the chemical elements.



Jöns Jacob Berzelius (1779-1848)

Developed a system of symbols for the chemical elements.



Jöns Jacob Berzelius (1779-1848)



• Coined the terms "catalysis", "polymer", "isomer", and "allotrope".

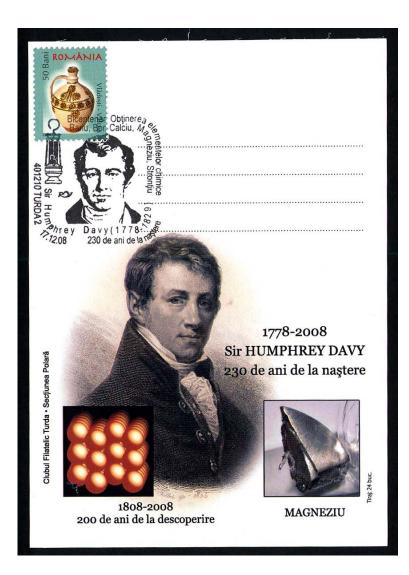
Bicentennial of the Karolinska Institute (1810-2010)

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Berzelius also discovered silicon, selenium, thorium, and cerium.

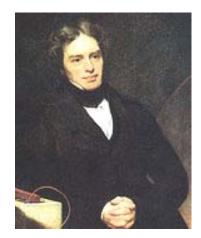


Humphry Davy (1778-1829)





Discovered Na, K, Mg, Ca & Ba
Developed miner's lamp







Johann Wolfgang Döbereiner (1780-1849) Triads, triads everywhere...



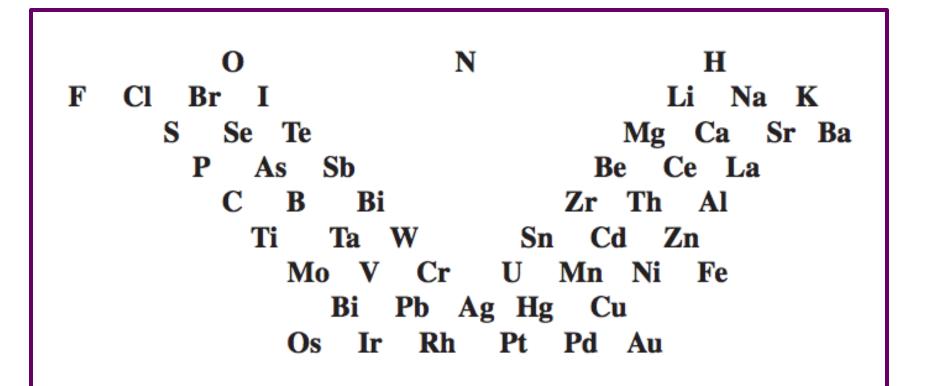
 $Zn + H_2SO_4 \longrightarrow ZnSO_4 + H_2$

Leopold Gmelin (1788-1853)

 $\overline{\mathbf{r}}$



Gmelin's "Periodic Table" (1843)



Dmitri Mendeleev (1834-1907) and the Periodic Table

 $\overline{=}$

arement Quenenmo 63 Ontims Teda sensbannou na famerunaur blid a Geodemby HUNDAN PROAMYECTOR SAKOHA. J. = 50 Zz=90 ? = 180 V=51 No=99 Ju=182 -Ko=86 W= 186 G=SR Marss Rh=1044 Pt-197.4 Fe=56 Ro= 1040 Je- 198. Ni-18-5%. A = 105,6 02:199 the = low =24 G=680 Na=185 Si= 210 3 128 Th. 204 85,4 Ca=15'3 17.0 Ba . 132 98=202 T.4. MEHAENEEB DEPB611 1214 1 THMEHAEN 20 ПЕРВЫЙ ДЕНЬ PREMIER JOUR 20.VI-1969 ΠΟΥΤΑΜΤ A.M.MEHA. AEEB

1869 Periodic Table

Ueber die Beziehungen der Eigenschaften zu den Atomgewichten der Elemente. Von D. Men dele jeff. — Ordnet man Elemente nach zunehmenden Atomgewichten in verticale Reihen so, dass die Horizontalreihen analoge Elemente enthalten, wieder nach zunehmendem Atomgewicht geordnet, so erhält man folgende Zusammenstellung, aus der sich einige allgemeinere Folgerungen ableiten lassen.

1991 T.C. & C.		Ti = 50	Zr == 90	? - 180
		V = 51	Nb = 94	Ta = 182
		Cr = 52	Mo == 96	W == 186
		Mn == 55	Rh == 104,4	Pt == 197,4
		Fe = 56	Ru = 104.4	Ir == 198
14	Ni =	= Co == 59	Pd == 106,6	Os 199
H = 1		Cu - 63,4	Ag = 108	Hg = 200
Be = 9,4	Mg = 24	$Z_n = 65.2$	Cd == 112	
B = 11	A1 = 27.4	?==68	Ur == 116	Au - 197?
$\overline{C} = 12$	Si - 28	? = 70	Sn === 118	- 영화학생동과 가입방학원(* - 143) - 143
N == 14	P = 31	As = 75	Sb = 122	Bi == 210?
0 -== 16	S = 32	Se = 79,4	Te === 128?	1997 H 1941 H 1942 H 1971
F = 19	Cl == 35,5	Br == 80	J === 127	
Li = 7 Na = 23	K == 39	Rb - 85,4	Cs === 133	T1 = 204
	Ca = 40	Sr == 87,6	Ba === 137	Pb = 207
	? me 45	Ce = 92		
	?Er - 56	La = 94		
	?Yt === 60	Di == 95		
	?In == 75,6	Th = 118?		

The elements Sc, Ga and Ge were all discovered within a few years...

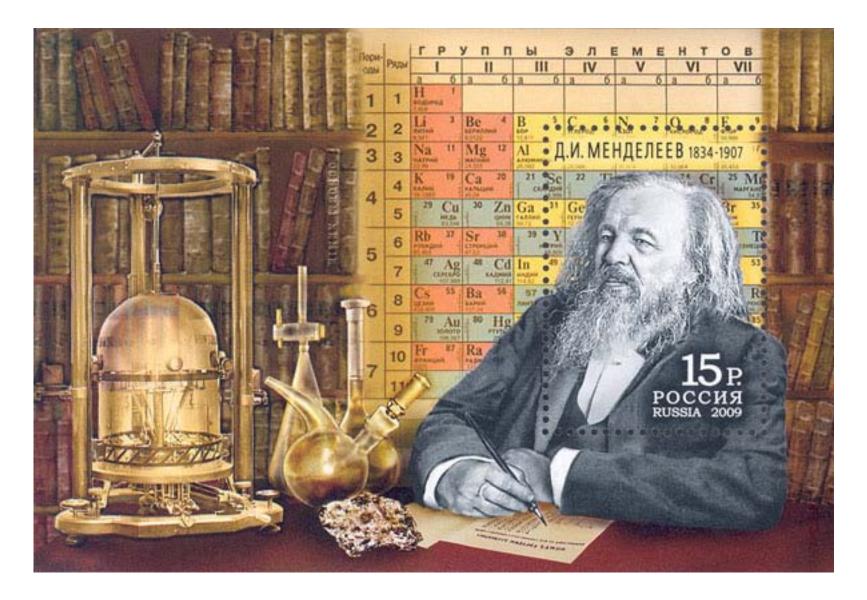
100th Anniversary of Mendeleev's Death (2007)



Design: Javier García-Martínez

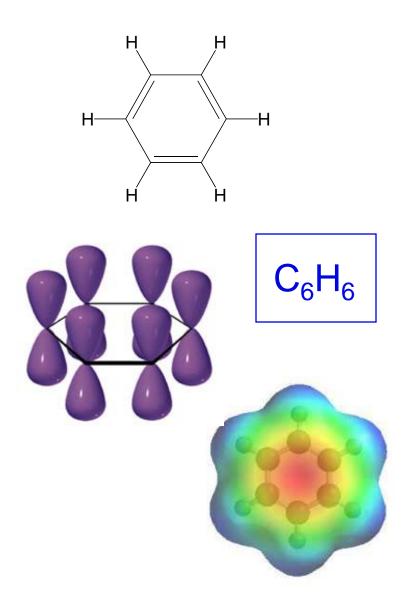
175th Anniversary of Mendeleev's Birth (February 6, 2009)

 $\overline{\mathbf{F}}$



Friedrich August Kekulé (1829-1896)





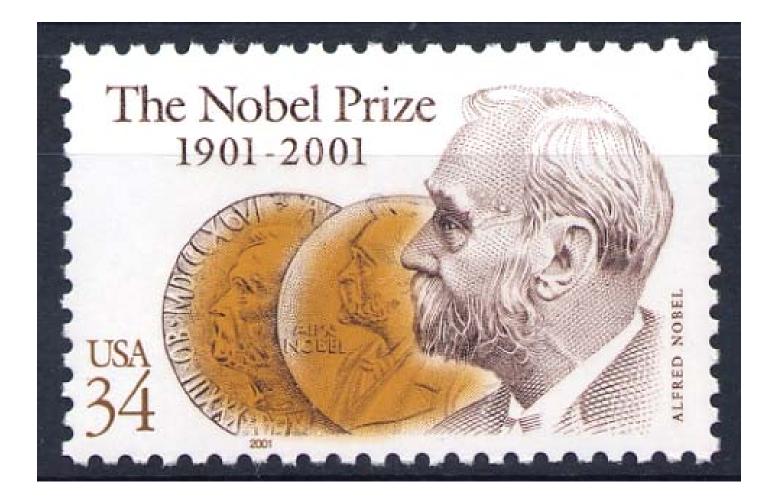
Louis Pasteur (1822-1895)





Alfred Nobel (1833-1896)

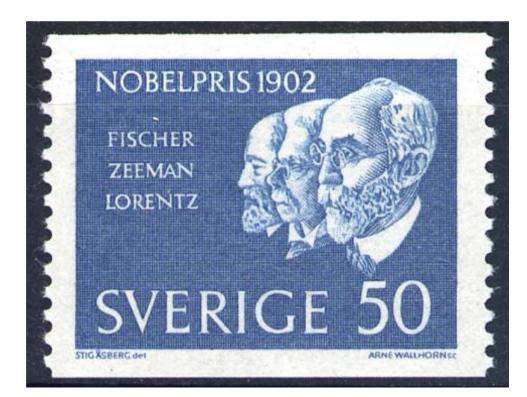
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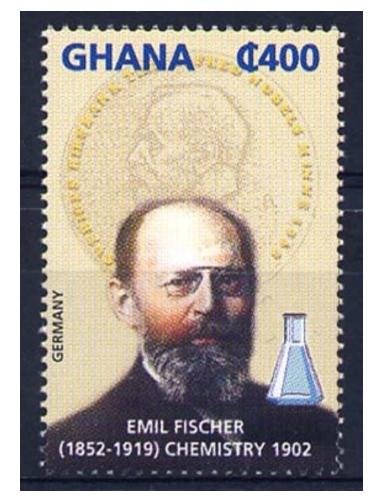


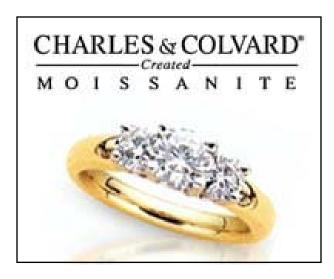


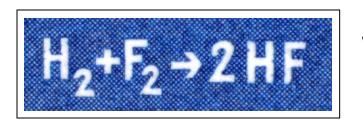
Emil Fischer (1852-1919)

"...for his work on sugar and purine syntheses"



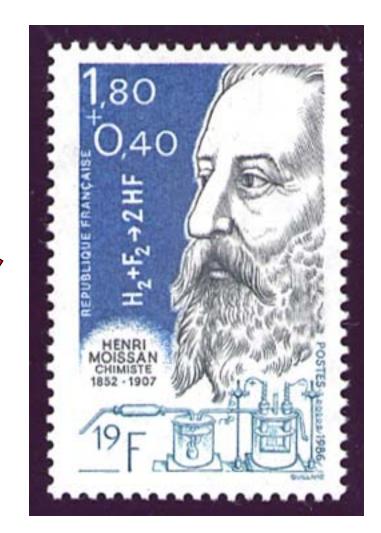




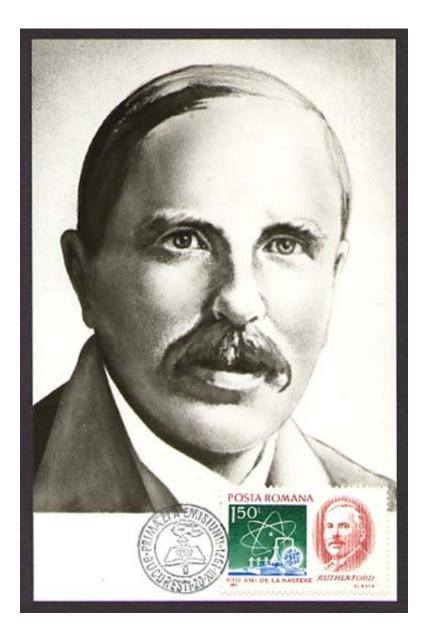


"...for his... isolation of the element fluorine... and his work on the electric furnace named after him"

Henri Moissan (1852-1907)







Ernest Rutherford (1871-1937)



(Chemistry, 1908)

"The only science is physics. All the rest is stamp collecting." Marie Curie (1867-1934)



[Physics, 1903 & Chemistry, 1911]



Marie and Pierre Curie













Irène and Frédéric Joliot-Curie



Nobel Prize in Chemistry (1935) "for their synthesis of new radioactive elements"



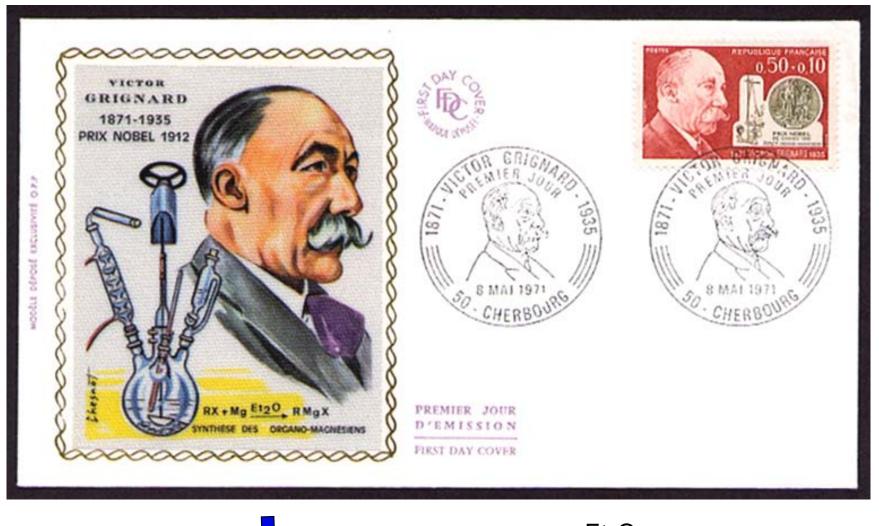
Pierre Joliot (1932–) Hélène Langevin-Joliot (1927–)

Courtesy: Prof. Jean-Pierre Vairon (UPMC)

 $\overline{=}$

Victor Grignard (1871-1935)

 $\overline{\mathbf{r}}$



Mg

RX +

 Et_2O



Fritz Haber (1868-1934)



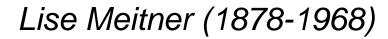
MASTER MIND: THE

RISE & FALL OF FRITZ HABER, THE NOBEL LAUREATE WHO LAUNCHED THE AGE OF CHEMICAL WARFARE DANIEL CHARLES

Otto Hahn (1868-1934)



Chemistry (1944): discovery of nuclear fission





 $\overline{\mathbf{r}}$



Karl Ziegler (1898-1973) & Giulio Natta (1903-1979)

 $\overline{\mathbf{r}}$

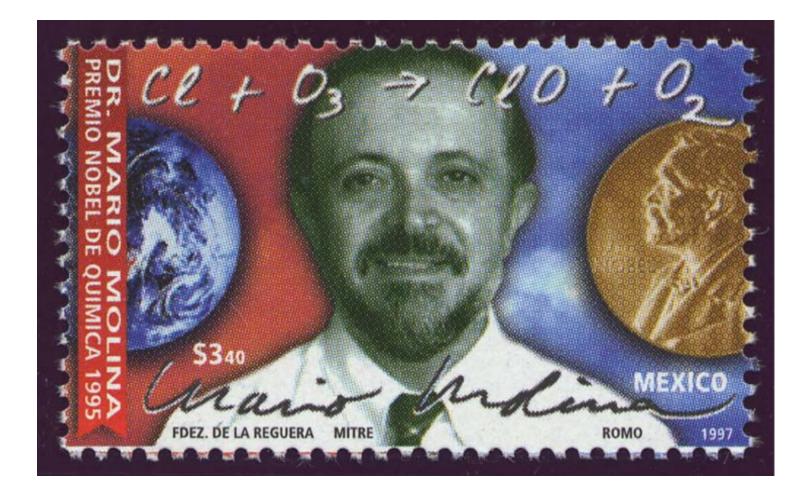


Dorothy Crowfoot Hodgkin (1910-1994) Chemistry Nobel '64



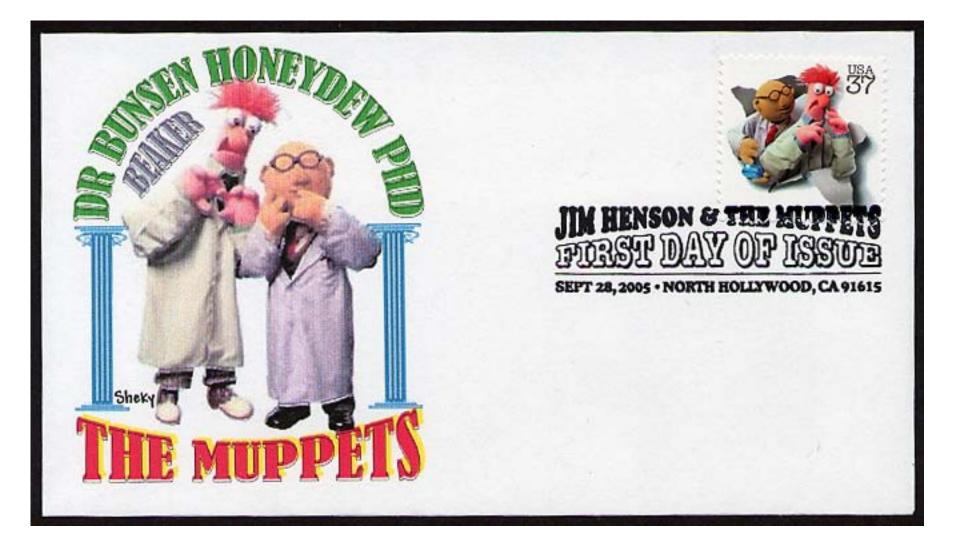
Issued on 25 February 2010: 350th anniversary of the Royal Society.

Mario J. Molina (1943–)



1995 Nobel Prize in Chemistry "for his work in atmospheric chemistry, particularly the formation and decomposition of ozone"

Dr. Bunsen Honeydew and Beaker

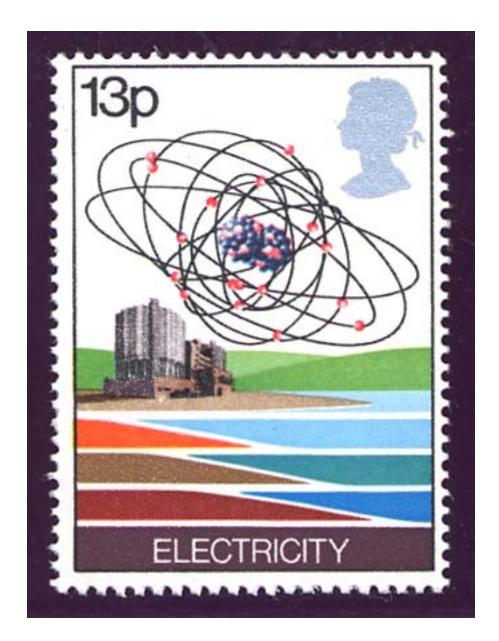


Atoms, molecules, minerals...

Atoms & Nuclear Energy

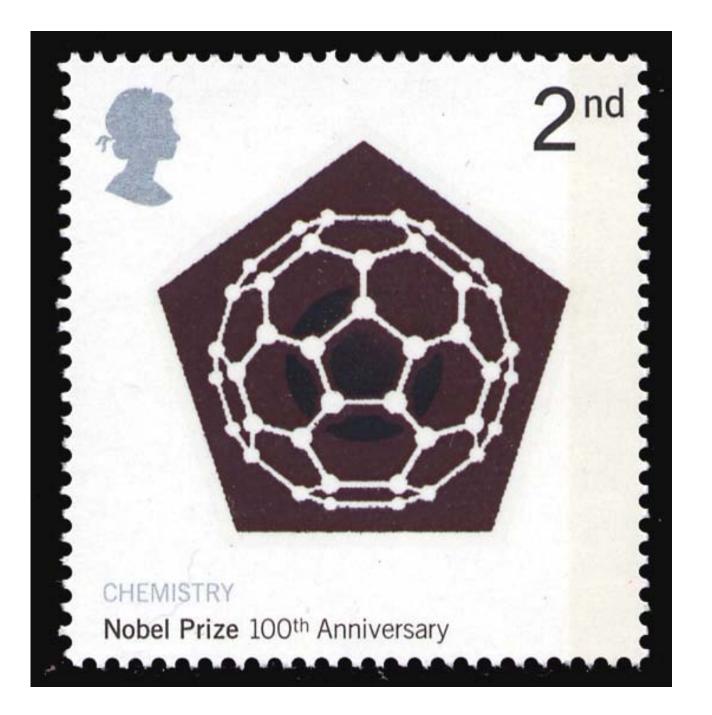






Elements & Minerals





















stibnite

cinnabar

wolframite



 Sb_2S_3

HgS

(Fe,Mn)WO₄

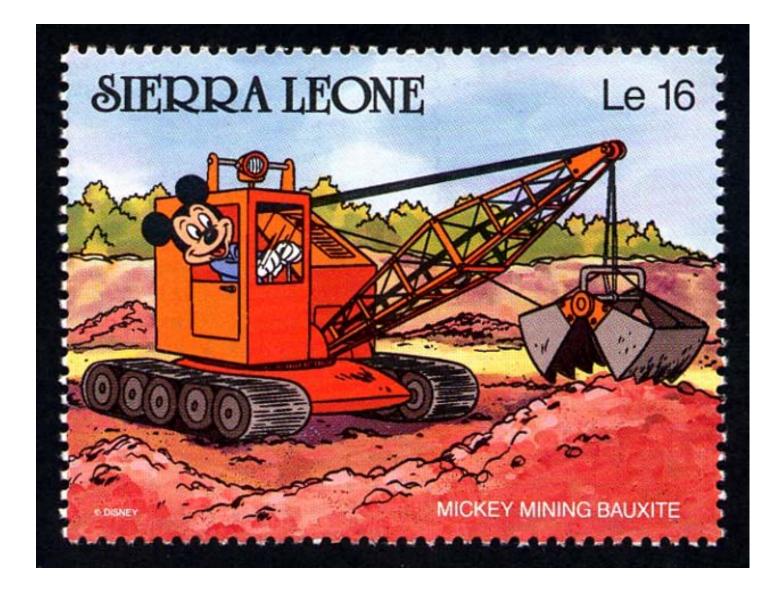


Aluminum and Bauxite on Stamps...

 $\overline{\mathbf{r}}$







Chemical Symbols & Formulas

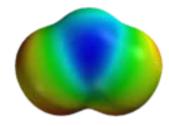


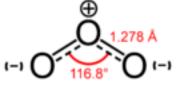
International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry 20th Congress: Moscow, 1965















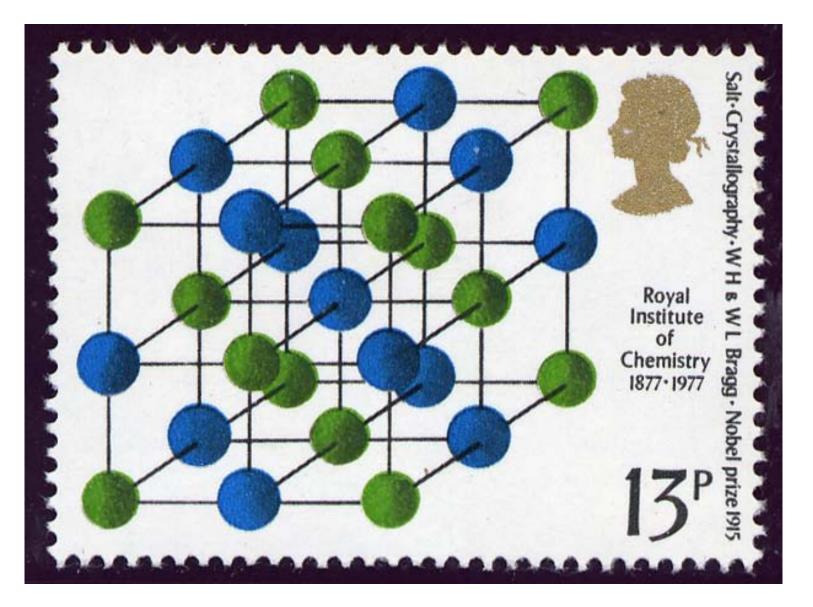
C. F. Schönbein (1799-1868)

Fluoride & toothpaste



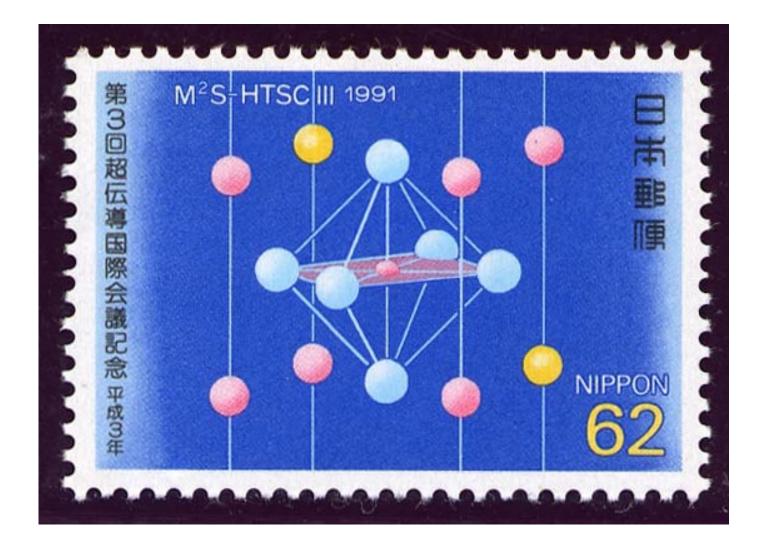




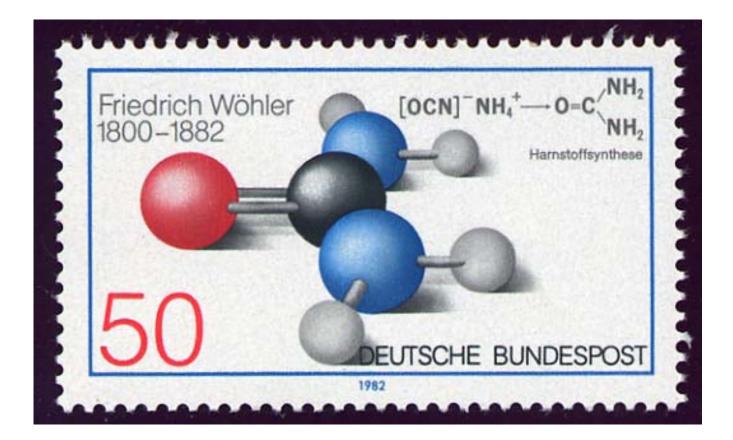


NaCl

<u>High Temperature SuperConductors</u>



Friedrich Wöhler and the synthesis of urea



• First isolation of pure aluminum.

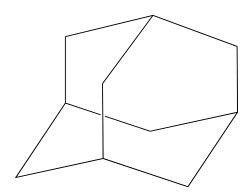
- Co-discoverer of beryllium, silicon, titanium and yttrium.
- Synthesis of acetylene from calcium carbide.



 $\overline{\mathbf{r}}$

Vladimir Prelog (1906-1998) Chemistry Nobel '75

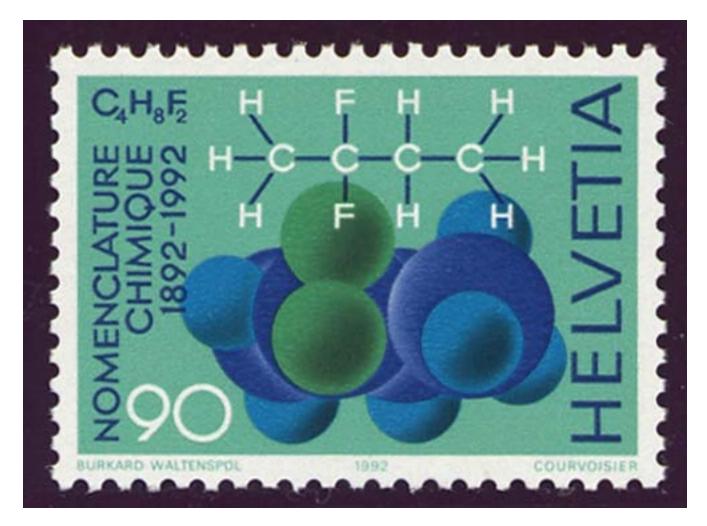
adamantane





See: Chemistry International 2008, 30(1), 7.

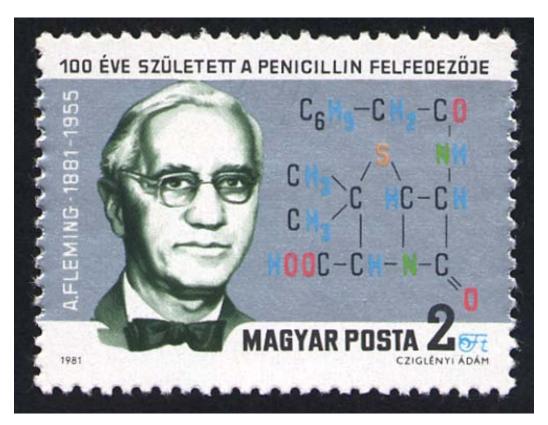
2,2-difluorobutane



100th anniversary of Geneva Conference (1892)





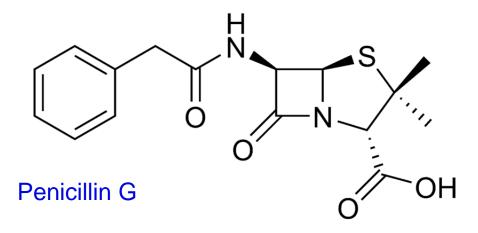


Alexander Fleming (1881-1955)



(Medicine, 1945)





Biochemistry...

The DNA double helix





Base pairs in DNA: $G \Leftrightarrow C$ and $A \Leftrightarrow T$



Glassware...

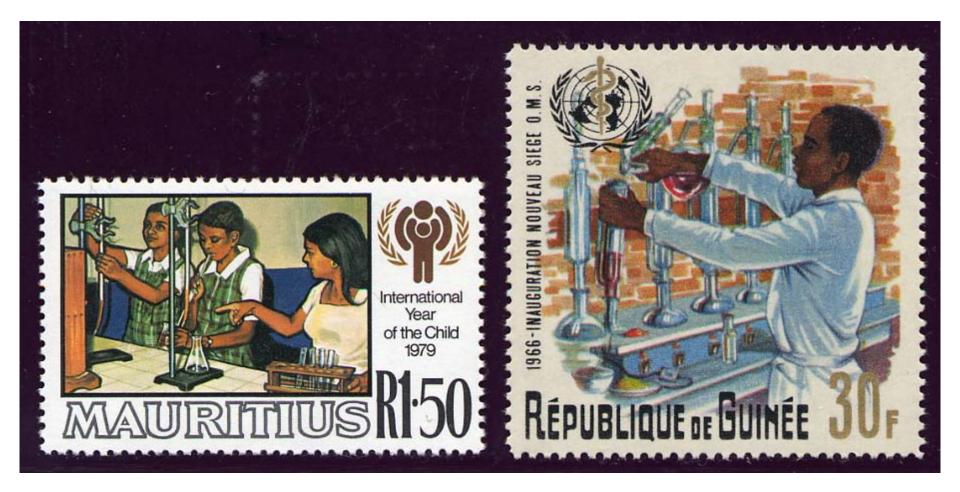
Glassware





Chemistry students and chemists...

Chemistry Students



Chemists



Chemical industry...

Chemical Industry



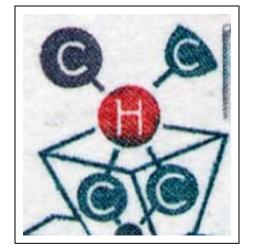
Fertilizers



Petrochemistry



Plastics



methane: CH₄



FDR, stamp collector



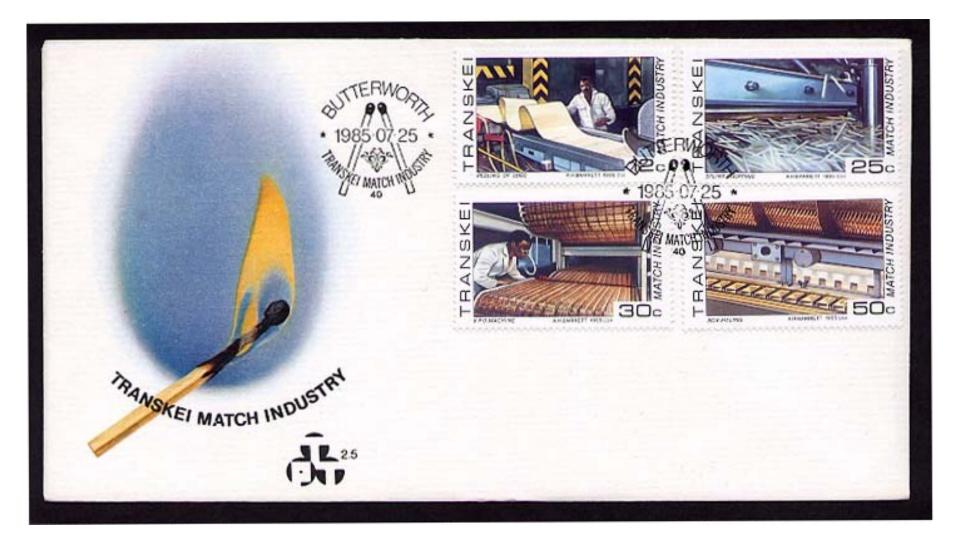
Gold



Salt



Matches



And a few special items...

Hydrogen balloons...

May 6th, 1936

Via Airship "HINDENBURG" from:FRANKFURT/MAIN, GERMANY te: LAKEHORST, N. J., U. S. A.

Stuttgart 9

576 S



Gus Nichols R. 3 Box 254 Petaluma California

U. S. A.

The crash of the "Hindenburg" in Lakehurst, NJ May 6th, 1937

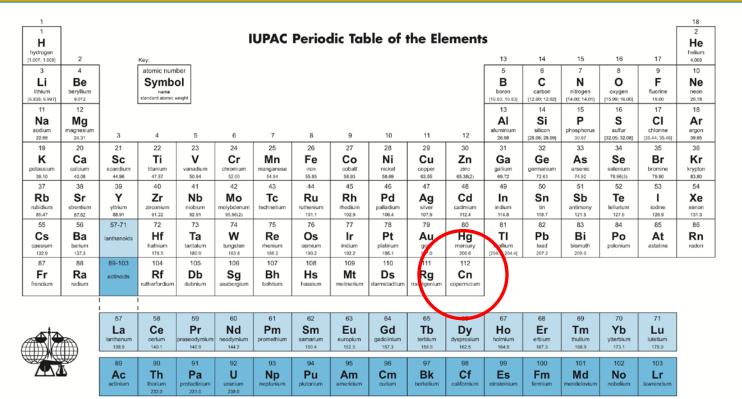


Element 112: Copernicium

- Name proposed by Sigurd Hofmann *et al.* (Center for Heavy Ion Research) was accepted at the 45th General Assembly of IUPAC (Aug. '09)
- The proposed chemical symbol (Cp) was initially rejected... and then changed to Cn.



2011 Periodic Table of the Elements (IUPAC)



Notes

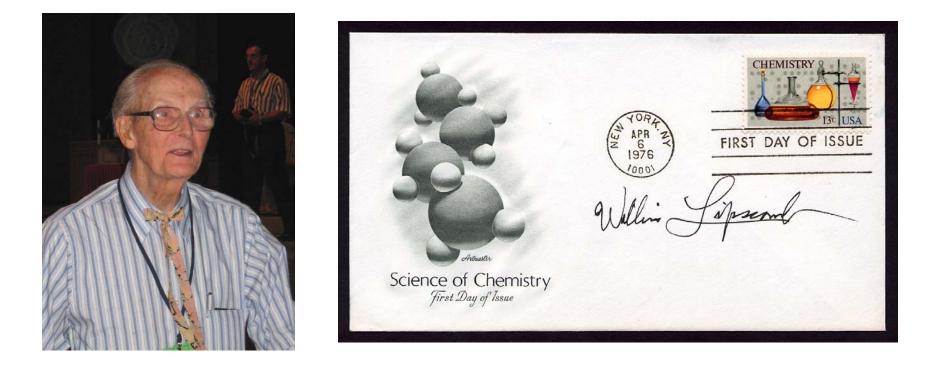
- IUPAC 2009 Standard atomic weights abridged to four significant digits [Table 4 published in Pure Appl. Chem. 83, 359-396 [2011]; doi:10.1351/PACREP-10-09-14). The uncertainty in the last digit of the standard atomic weight value is listed in parentheses following the value. In the absence of parentheses, the uncertainty is one in that last digit. An interval in square brackets provides the lower and upper bounds of the standard atomic weight for that element. No values are listed for elements with no stable isotopes. See PAC for more details.

- "Aluminum" and "cesium" are commonly used alternative spellings for "aluminium" and "caesium."

For updates to this table, see iupac.org/reports/periodic_table/. This version is dated 21 January 2011. Copyright © 2011 IUPAC, the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry.



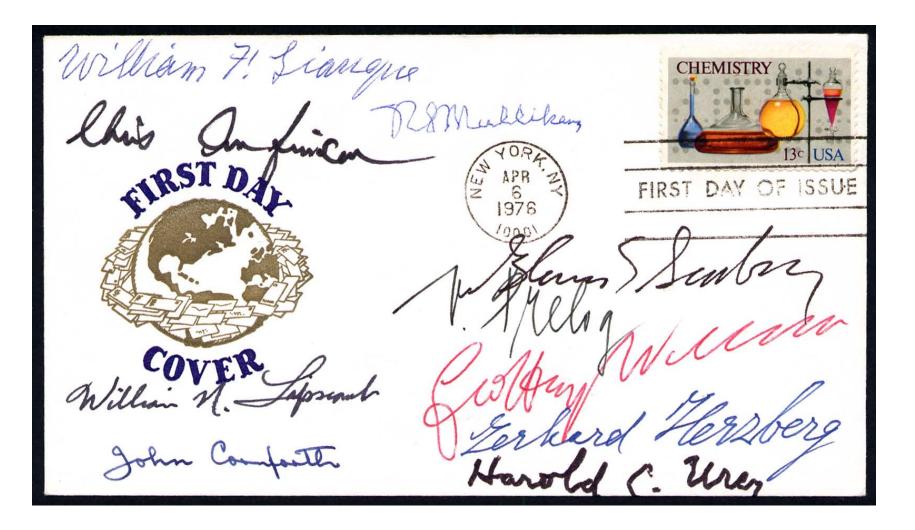
William N. Lipscomb and the 40th IUPAC Congress in Beijing (Aug. '05)

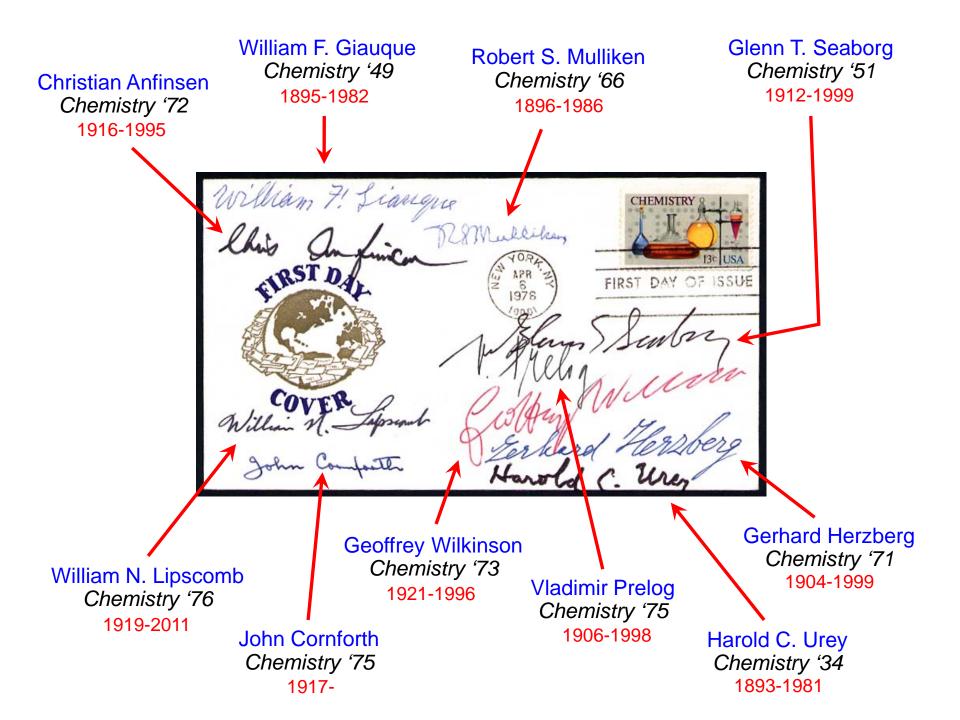


1976 Nobel Prize in Chemistry "for his studies on the structure of boranes illuminating problems of chemical bonding"

Found on eBay:

a Collection of Chemistry Nobel Laureate Signatures

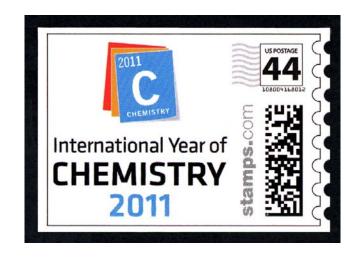




IYC Stamps

2011

The International Year of Chemistry (IYC) www.chemistry2011.org



- IUPAC Project: *Global Stamp Competition*.
- "Chemistry on Stamps" Symposium and Stamp Exhibition at the 242nd National ACS meeting in Denver, CO (Fall '11).

First IYC '11 Stamps (4 January 2011): Israel



ubiquitin – protein destructor Ciechanover & Hershko (Technion) Chemistry Nobel '04



ribosome – protein constructor Ada Yonath (WIT) Chemistry Nobel '09

IYC '11 Stamps: Slovakia

 $\overline{\mathbf{F}}$



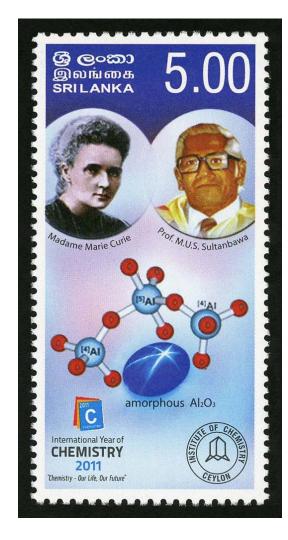
Date of issue: 17 January 2011

IYC '11 Stamps: Belgium & France





Date of issue: 17 January 2011 Date of issue: 27 January 2011



IYC '11 Stamps: Sri Lanka & Spain

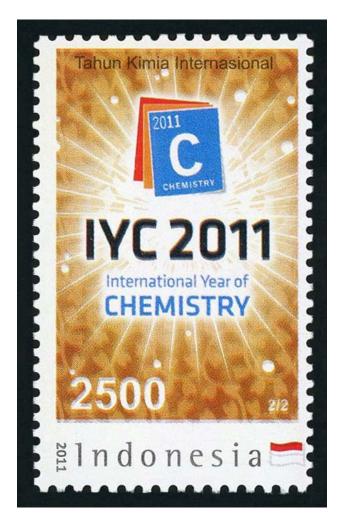


Date of issue: 30 January 2011 Date of issue: 7 February 2011

IYC '11 Stamps: Indonesia

Date of issue: 1 March 2011



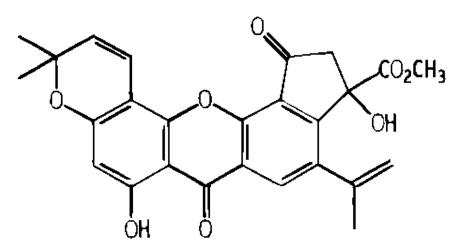


IYC '11 Stamps: Indonesia



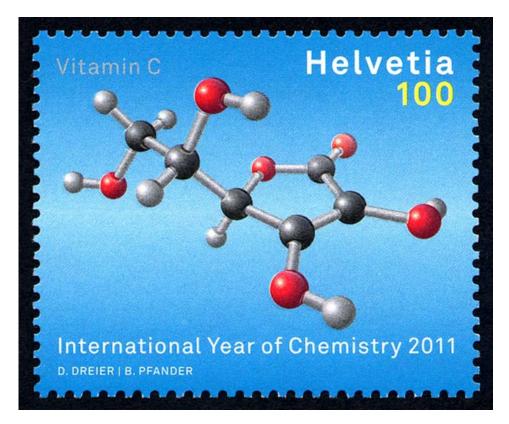
Artoindonesianin C

S.A. Achmad et al. J. Nat. Prod. **2000**, 63, 243-244.





IYC '11 Stamps: Switzerland



Date of issue: 3 March 2011



Synthesis of vitamin C: Sir Norman Haworth & Tadeusz Reichstein Chemistry '37 Phys or Med '50

IYC '11 Stamps: Jersey & Bosnia and Herzegovina





Date of issue: 8 March 2011 (International Women's Day!)



 $\overline{\mathbf{r}}$



Date of issue: 13 April 2011

IYC '11 Stamps: Paraguay

 $\overline{\mathbf{r}}$



Date of issue: 9 May 2011

The Chemistry and Physics on Stamps Study Unit (CPOSSU)

- Non-profit organization that promotes the philatelic study of chemistry, physics, and related fields.
- Started in 1979, currently *ca.* 160 members worldwide.

www.cpossu.org

• Publishes Philatelia Chimica et Physica (4 issues/year).

Chemistry International

Bimonthly newsmagazine of IUPAC:

www.iupac.org/publications/ci



Hydrogen to Copernicium: Postage Stamps as Cultural Icons in the IYC

Daniel Rabinovich

drabinov@uncc.edu

Department of Chemistry The University of North Carolina at Charlotte

